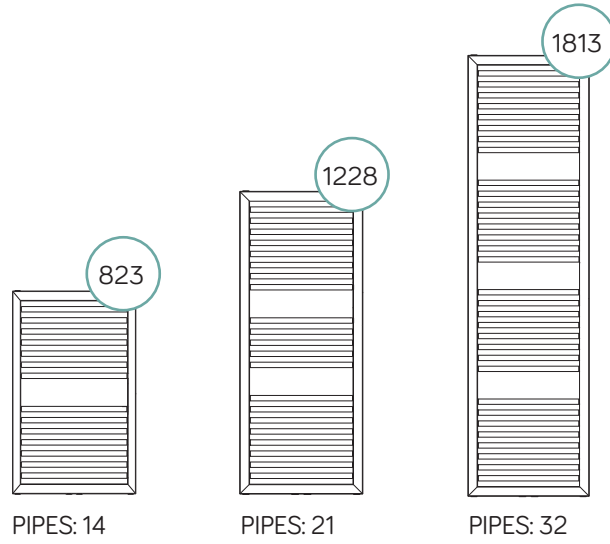


Astrid

Technical sheet





Description	Straight
Material	Carbon steel
Pipes - Ø	22x0,9
Collectors - mm	40x30x1,5
Connections	5x1/2" (air bleeding valve connection, included)
Wall fixings	4
Max operating pressure	8 bar
Max operating temperature	90 °C
Paint	Epoxy polyester powder
Packaging	Nylon bag, carton box and protections
Standard equipment	1 kit wall fixing brackets - 1 air bleeding valve - 2 blind plugs

Connection

Min.	Max
60	70

50 WITH BOTH LATERAL AND CENTRAL 50 MM CONNECTIONS

Wall distance

Min.	Max
75	85

Interaxis

50 mm
N1

Out In

White RAL9016 - straight

Code	Height mm	Width mm	Interaxis N1 mm	Weight kg	Water lt	$\Delta T_{50} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Watt	$\Delta T_{30} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Watt	$\Delta T_{42,5} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Watt	$\Delta T_{60} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Watt	Exponent n
ASS50	823	500	450	6,9	4,3	395	212	324	494	1,2233
ASS60	823	600	550	7,8	4,9	480	257	394	600	1,21884
ASM50	1228	500	450	9,5	5,9	586	310	479	736	1,24662
ASM60	1228	600	550	10,7	7	690	367	565	865	1,23404
ASX50	1813	500	450	13,5	8,6	861	460	706	1077	1,22679
ASX60	1813	600	550	15,3	9,9	1007	533	823	1265	1,24772

Anthracite VOV12 - straight

Code	Height mm	Width mm	Interaxis N1 mm	Weight kg	Water lt	$\Delta T_{50} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Watt	$\Delta T_{30} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Watt	$\Delta T_{42,5} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Watt	$\Delta T_{60} \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ Watt	Exponent n
ASS5A	823	500	450	6,9	4,3	395	212	324	494	1,2233
ASS6A	823	600	550	7,8	4,9	480	257	394	600	1,21884
ASM5A	1228	500	450	9,5	5,9	586	310	479	736	1,24662
ASM6A	1228	600	550	10,7	7	690	367	565	865	1,23404
ASX5A	1813	500	450	13,5	8,6	861	460	706	1077	1,22679
ASX6A	1813	600	550	15,3	9,9	1007	533	823	1265	1,24772

Our radiators are tested in qualified laboratories according to EN-442 regulations which determine the output value by fixing the ΔT at 50 °C. ΔT is the difference between the average temperature of the water inside the radiator and the room temperature. The formula is: $\phi_x = \phi_{\Delta T_{50}} * (\Delta T_x / 50)^n$.

Ex.: $((75+65)/2)-20=50$ °C. For output values with a different ΔT use the following formula: $\phi_x = \phi_{\Delta T_{50}} * (\Delta T_x / 50)^n$.

See calculation example of the output at ΔT 60 °C of article 384837: $395 * (60/50)^{1,2233} = 494$.

Output values in kcal/h = watt x 0,85984.

Output values in btu = watt x 3,412.

KEY

T_1 = supply temperature - T_2 = return temperature - T_3 = room temperature.

ϕ_x = output to be calculated - $\phi_{\Delta T_{50}}$ = output at ΔT 50 °C (table) - $\Delta T_x = \Delta T$ value to be calculated - n = exponent "n" (table).